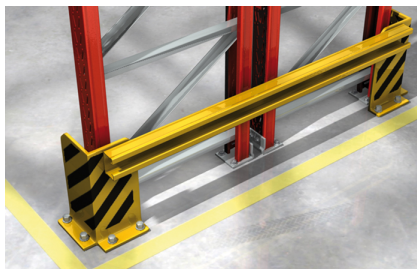


## The push-through anchor for fixings with sophisticated design in cracked concrete



### VERSIONS

- Zinc-plated steel

### BUILDING MATERIALS

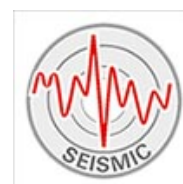
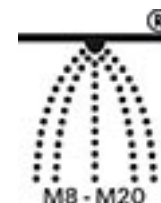
#### Approved for:

- Concrete C20/25 to C50/60, cracked and non-cracked

#### Also suitable for:

- Concrete C12/15
- Natural stone with dense structure

### APPROVALS



### ADVANTAGES

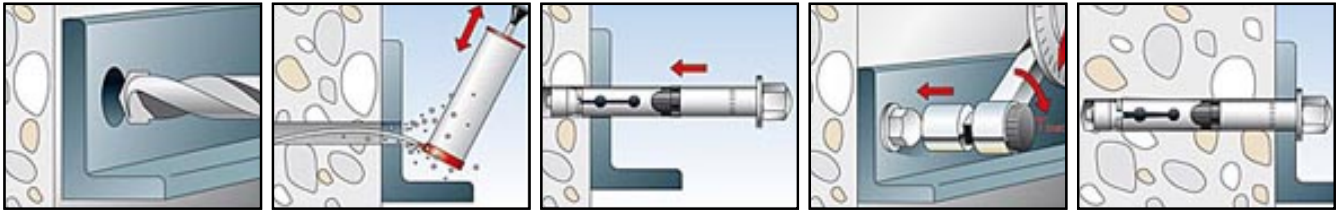
- The anchor construction allows for wide-ranging head shapes for fixing points with sophisticated design.
- The ideal interaction of screw shank and sleeve allows for a high shear load. Thus fewer fixing points are required.
- The international approvals guarantees maximum safety and the best performance. These approvals even cover use in earthquake zones (seismic).
- The optimised geometry reduces the energy required for installation.
- The assessment document also covers the use of hollow drills.

### APPLICATIONS

- Guard rails
- Staircases
- Consoles
- Steel constructions
- Ladders
- Cable trays
- Machines
- Gates
- Façades
- Gratings

### FUNCTIONING

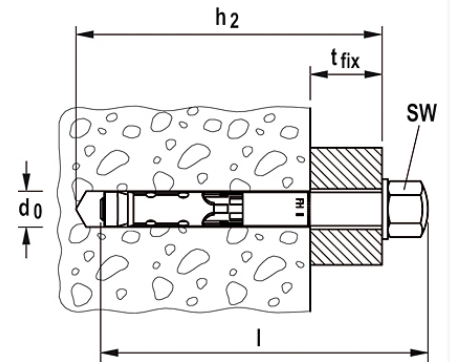
- The FH II is suitable for push-through installation.
- When applying the torque, the cone is pulled into the expansion sleeve and expands it against the drill hole wall.
- The black plastic ring prevents rotation when tightening the anchor, and acts as a crumple zone to take the torque slippage so that the fixture is pulled onto the anchor base.
- Available head shapes for flexible design solutions: Countersunk head (type SK), hexagon head (type S), bolt version with nut and washer (type B) and cap nut (type H).



## TECHNICAL DATA



High performance anchor FH II-H



Article name	Art.-No.	ETA-approval	ICC-approval	Drill hole diameter $d_0$ [mm]	Anchor length $l$ [mm]	Max. fixture thickness $t_{fix}$ [mm]
FH II 10/10 H	503139	■		10	75	10
FH II 10/25 H	503140	■		10	90	25
FH II 10/50 H	503141	■		10	115	50
FH II 12/10 H	044905	■		12	100	10
FH II 12/25 H	044906	■		12	115	25
FH II 12/50 H	044907	■		12	140	50
FH II 15/10 H	044908	■	▲	15	115	10
FH II 15/25 H	044909	■	▲	15	130	25
FH II 15/50 H	044910	■	▲	15	155	50
FH II 18/25 H	044915	■	▲	18	145	25
FH II 18/50 H	044916	■	▲	18	170	50

## LOADS

### High performance anchor FH II - H

Highest permissible loads for a single anchor<sup>1)</sup> in concrete C20/25<sup>4)</sup>

For the design the complete approval ETA - 07/0025 has to be considered.

Type	Effective anchorage depth $h_{ef}$ [mm]	Min. member thickness $h_{min}$ [mm]	Installation torque $T_{inst}$ [Nm]	Cracked concrete				Non-cracked concrete			
				Permissible tensile load	Permissible shear load	Min. spacing	Min. edge distance	Permissible tensile load	Permissible shear load	Min. spacing	Min. edge distance
				$N_{perm}^{3)}$ [kN]	$V_{perm}^{3)}$ [kN]	$s_{min}^{2)}$ [mm]	$c_{min}^{2)}$ [mm]	$N_{perm}^{3)}$ [kN]	$V_{perm}^{3)}$ [kN]	$s_{min}^{2)}$ [mm]	$c_{min}^{2)}$ [mm]
<b>FH II 10 H</b>	40	80	10,0	3,6	4,3	40	40	6,1	6,1	40	
<b>FH II 12 H</b>	60	120	22,5	5,7	15,4	50	50	11,2	15,4	60	
<b>FH II 15 H</b>	70	140	40,0	7,6	20,1	60	60	14,1	23,4	70	
<b>FH II 18 H</b>	80	160	80,0	11,9	24,5	70	70	17,2	34,4	80	

<sup>1)</sup> The partial safety factors for material resistance as regulated in the approval as well as a partial safety factor for load actions of  $\gamma_L = 1,4$  are considered. As an single anchor counts e.g. an anchor with a spacing  $s \geq 3 \times h_{ef}$  and an edge distance  $c \geq 1,5 \times h_{ef}$ . Accurate data see approval.

<sup>2)</sup> Minimum possible axial spacings resp. edge distance while reducing the permissible load.

<sup>3)</sup> For combinations of tensile loads, shear loads, bending moments as well as reduced edge distances or spacings (anchor groups) see approval.

<sup>4)</sup> For higher concrete strength classes up to C50/60 higher permissible loads may be possible.